

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

# 1. Product and Company Identification

Product name : Chlorine

Chemical formula : CL2

Synonyms: Chlorine Molecular; Diatomic Chlorine; Dichlorine; Molecular Chlorine; UN 1017

Company : Med Tech Gases, inc.

20 Hall Street Medford, MA 02155

Telephone :800-FINE-GAS

Emergency : 800-424-9300

## 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

| Components | CAS Number | % Volume |
|------------|------------|----------|
| Chlorine   | 7782-50-5  | 100%     |

#### 3. Hazards Identification

#### **Emergency Overview**

Harmful if inhaled, respiratory tract burns, skin burns, eye burns.

Containers may rupture or explode if exposed to heat. May ignite combustibles.

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation : Burns, vomiting, chest pain, difficulty breathing, dizziness, headache,

hyperactivity, emotional disturbances, bluish skin color, lung congestion, lung damage, death. May cause burns, lack of sense of smell, tooth decay, difficulty

breathing, lung damage in long term exposure.

Eye contact : Burns, frostbite.
Skin contact : Burns, frostbite.

Ingestion : Ingestion of a gas is unlikely.

None.

Chronic Health :

Hazard

# 4. First Aid Measures

General advice : None.

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get

immediate medical attention.

Skin contact : Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing

contaminated clothing and shoes. Get immediate medical attention. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes.

Ingestion : If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.

Inhalation : If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial

respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.

Note to physicians : For inhalation, consider oxygen.

Avoid gastric lavage or emesis.

# 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable : Water.

Do not use dry chemicals, carbon dioxide or halogenated extinguishing agents.

Specific hazards : Oxidizer. May ignite or explode on contact with combustible materials.

Containers may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.

Fire fighting : Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers with

water spray until well after the fire is out. Stay away from the ends of tanks. For fires in cargo or storage area: Cool containers with water from unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles until well after fire is out. If this is impossible, then take the following precautions: Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Let the fire burn. For small fires, contain and let burn. Use extinguishing agents appropriate for surrounding fire. Cool containers with water spray until well after the fire is out. Apply water from a protected location or from a safe distance. Avoid inhalation of material or combustion by-products. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Evacuation radius: 800 meters (1/2 mile).

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Wear full protective fire fighting gear including self contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) for protection against possible exposure.

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

Air release : Reduce vapors with water spray. Collect runoff for disposal as potential

hazardous waste.

Soil release : Dig holding area such as lagoon, pond or pit for containment. Dike for later

disposal. Trap spilled material at bottom in deep water pockets, excavated holding areas or within sand bag barriers. Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material. Add an alkaline material (lime, crushed limestone, sodium

bicarbonate, or soda ash).

Water release : Add an alkaline material (lime, crushed limestone, sodium bicarbonate, or soda

ash). Absorb with activated carbon. Collect spilled material using mechanical

equipment.

Occupational spill/release

Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Avoid contact with combustible materials. Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry.

Ventilate closed space before entering. Notify Local Emergency Planning Committee and State Emergency Response Commission for release greater than or equal to RQ (U.S. SARA Section 304). If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National Response Center

at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).

#### 7. Handling and Storage

#### Handling

Subject to handling regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.119.

#### Storage

Store in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Protect from physical damage. Keep separated from incompatible substances. Store outside or in a detached building. NFPA 430 Code for the Storage of Liquid and Solid Oxidizing Materials. Store in a cool, dry place. Store in a well-ventilated area. Protect from sunlight. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101. Notify State Emergency Response Commission for storage or use at amounts greater than or equal to TPQ (U.S. EPA SARA Section 302). SARA Section 303 requires facilities storing a material with a TPQ to participate in local emergency response planning (U.S. EPA 40 CFR 355 Part B).

#### 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

**Exposure limits** 

ACGIH : 0.5 ppm TWA

1 ppm STEL

OSHA (final) : 1 ppm Ceiling; 3 mg/m3 Ceiling OSHA (vacated) : 1 ppm STEL; 3 mg/m3 STEL

0.5 ppm TWA; 1.5 mg/m3 TWA

NIOSH : 0.5 ppm Ceiling 15 min; 1.45 mg/m3 Ceiling 15 min

**IDLH** 

10 ppm

#### **Engineering measures/Ventilation**

Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits. Ensure adequate ventilation.

## Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

: The following respirators and maximum use concentrations are drawn from

NIOSH and/or OSHA.

5 ppm – Any air-purifying half-mask respirator equipped with cartridge(s)

providing protection against the compound of concern.

Any supplied-air respirator.

10 ppm – Any supplied-air respirator operated in a continuous-flow mode. Any powered, air-purifying respirator with cartridge(s) providing protection against the compound of concern.

Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece and a canister providing

protection against the compound of concern.

Any air-purifying full-face respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front-mounted or back-mounted canister providing protection against the compound of

concern.

Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.

Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece.

Emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations or IDLH conditions – Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operated

in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece that is operated in a pressuredemand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with an auxiliary selfcontained breathing apparatus operated in pressure-demand or other positivepressure mode.

Escape – Any air-purifying full-face respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front-mounted or back-mounted canister providing protection against the compound of concern.

Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hand protection : Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Eye protection : Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain

and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.

Skin and body protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. For the liquid: Wear appropriate

protective, cold-insulating clothing.

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form : Gas.

Color : Yellow or green.

Odor : Distinct odor, irritating odor.

Molecular weight : 70.906

Vapor pressure : 5168 mmHg @ 21°C

Vapor density : 2.49 (air = 1)

Boiling point : -35°C

Melting point : -101°C

Water solubility : 1.46% @ 0°C

Specific gravity : 1.5649 @ -35°C (liquid) (water = 1) Solvent solubility : Soluble: alkali, chlorides, alcohols.

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid contact with combustible materials. Minimize contact with material. Avoid

inhalation of material or combustible by-products. Keep out of water supplies and sewers. May ignite or explode on contact with combustible materials.

Materials to avoid : Combustible materials, bases, metals, halogens, material salts, reducing

agents, amines, metal carbide, metal oxides, oxidizing materials, halo carbons,

acids, arsenic, calcium, iodine, mercuric oxide, ethers, fluorine.

Hazardous : Thermal decomposition products: chlorine.

decomposition products

Water or moisture: hypochlorous acid, hydrochloric acid.

## 11. Toxicological Information

The components of this material have been reviewed in various sources and the following endpoints are

published:

CHLORINE (7782-

: Inhalation LC50 Rat: 0.86 mg/L/1H; Inhalation LC50 Rat: 293 ppm/1H

50-5)

**Acute Toxicity Level** 

CHLORINE (7782- : Toxic: Inhalation

50-5)

Component Carcinogenicity

ACGIH : A4 – Not Classified as a Human Carcinogen

**Local Effects** 

CHLORINE (7782- : Corrosive: inhalation, skin, eye.

50-5)

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

Heart problems.

## 12. Ecological Information

**Aquatic Toxicity** 

CHLORINE (7782- : Fish: 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 0.44 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50

50-5) Oncorhynchus mykiss: 0.014 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus

mykiss: 0.014 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 0.104 – 0.168 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 0.08 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50

Pimephales promelas: 0.1 mg/L

Invertebrate: 48 Hr LC50 Daphnia magna: 0.017 mg/L

#### 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste from residues

/ unused products

: Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Contaminated packaging

: Return cylinder to supplier.

# 14. Transport Information

DOT (US only)

Proper shipping : Chlorine

name

Class : 2.3 UN/ID No. : UN1017

Labeling : Poison gas, Corrosive

Additional Info : Toxic-Inhalation Hazard Zone B

**Component Marine Pollutants** 

This material contains one of more of the following chemicals required by U.S. DOT to be identified as

marine pollutants.

Component CAS

CHLORINE 7782-50-5 DOT regulated marine pollutant

# 15. Regulatory Information

## U.S. Federal Regulations

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required under SARA Section 302/304 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65), CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4), TSCA 12(b), and/or require an OSHA process safety plan.

CHLORINE (7782- : SARA 302: 100 lb TPQ

50-5) 10 lb final RQ; 4.54 kg final RQ

SARA 313: 1.0% de minimis concentration CERCLA: 10 lb final RQ; 4.54 kg final RQ

OSHA (safety): 1500 lb TQ

SARA 311/312

Acute: Yes Chronic: Yes Fire: Yes Reactive: No Pressure: Yes

## **U.S. State Regulations**

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

NJ PΑ RΙ CA MA MN Component CAS **CHLORINE** 7782-50-5 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes

Not regulated under California Proposition 65.